

CryoSat-2 over Rivers : a present mission, An insight into the future of Altimetry

OSTST 2014

27-31 October 2014, Konstanz, Germany

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Tuesday 28th October 2014

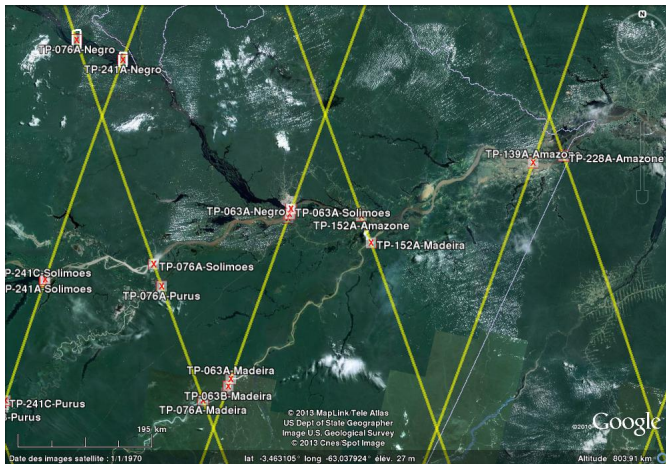


Introduction to CryoSat-2



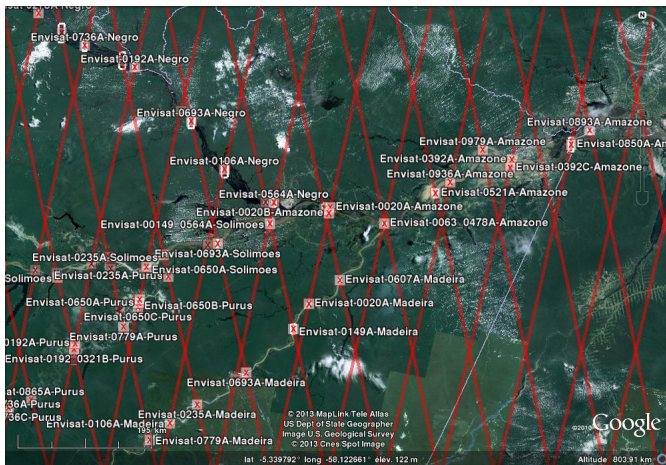
CryoSat-2 flies on a geodesic orbit !

Topex/Poseidon & Jason-2 "virtual stations"



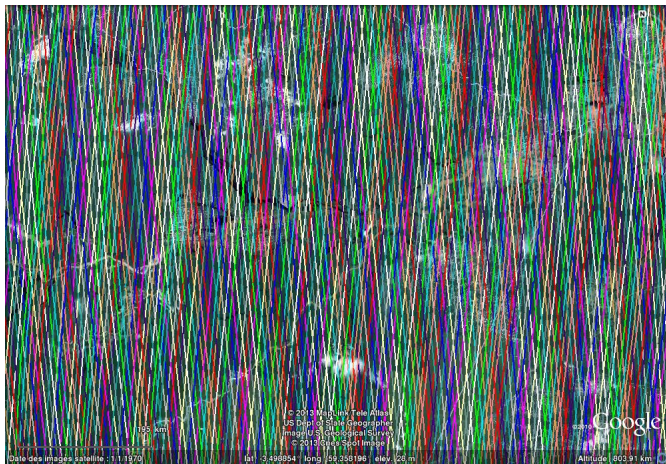
CryoSat-2 flies on a geodesic orbit !

Envisat "virtual stations"



CryoSat-2 flies on a geodesic orbit !

CryoSat-2 tracks... ! (369 days, 7 km //)



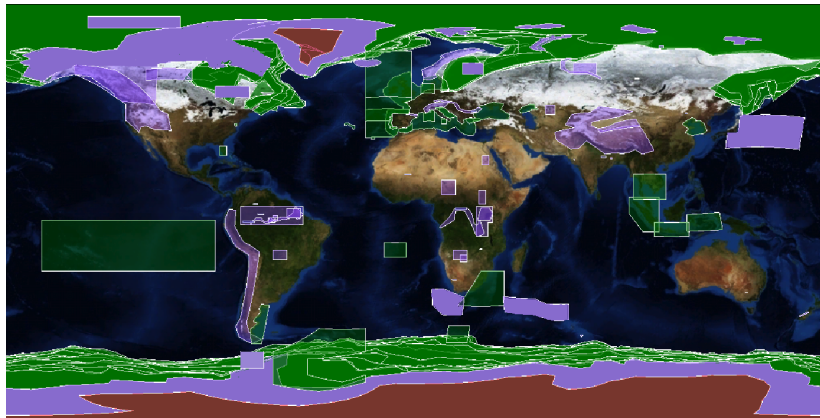
CryoSat-2 altimeter : SIRAL

SIRAL : 3 exclusive measurement modes

- **LRM** : Wf : 128 bins, Res. : 200 km², L2 : 20 Hz
 - **SAR** : Wf : 128 bins, Res. : 3 km², L2 : 20 Hz
 - **SARin** : Wf : 2×512 bins (dual channel), Res. : 3 km², L2 : 20 Hz + retracked echo (lat,lon)
-
- The most advanced nadir altimeter !
 - Ku band
 - 20 Hz tracking cycle → 20 Hz L2 products

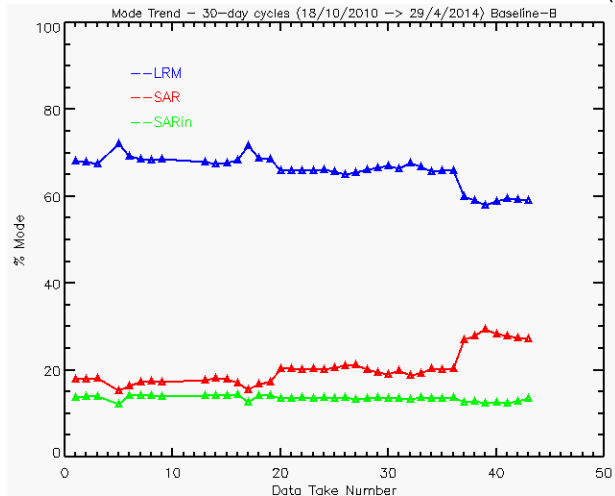
CryoSat-2 modes mask

LRM : $\approx 66\%$ – SAR : $\approx 17\%$ – SARin $\approx 17\%$



CryoSat-2 modes mask

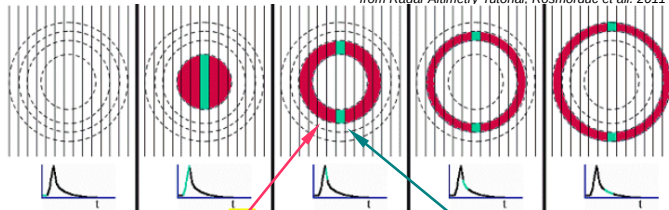
LRM : $\approx 66\%$ – SAR : $\approx 17\%$ – SARin $\approx 17\%$ (data from UCL)



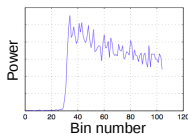
The SAR waveform

Doppler beam footprint

from Radar Altimetry Tutorial, Rosmorduc et al. 2011

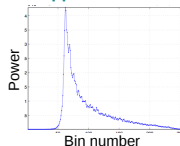


Brown wave-form



SAR wave-form much more « peaky » than Brown's wave-form (because of surface reduction from internal to external rings)

Doppler wave-form



CryoSat-2

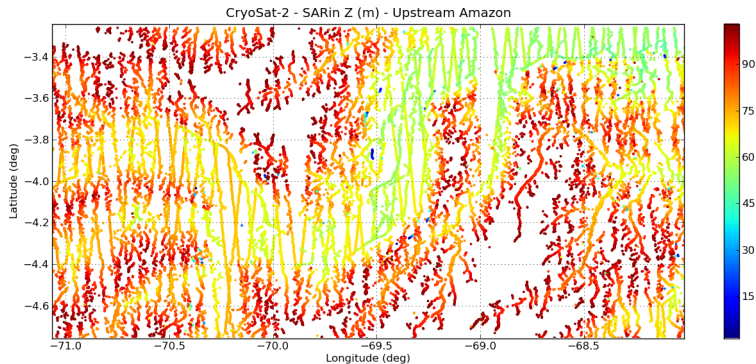
Past, Present and Future...

- Past -

LRM vs. SARin mode

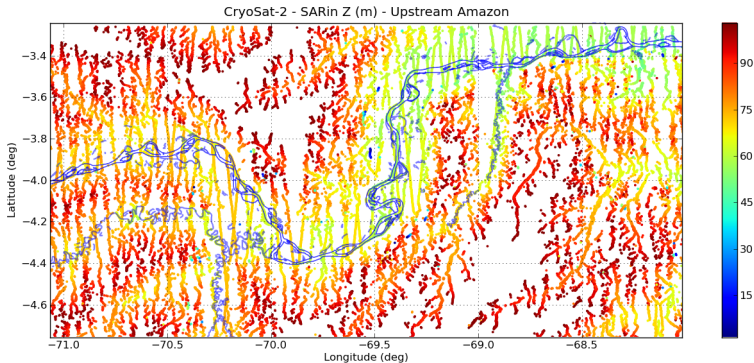
Past : LRM vs. SARin mode

Map of SARin measurements over the Solimoes river (L2/ESA)



Past : LRM vs. SARin mode

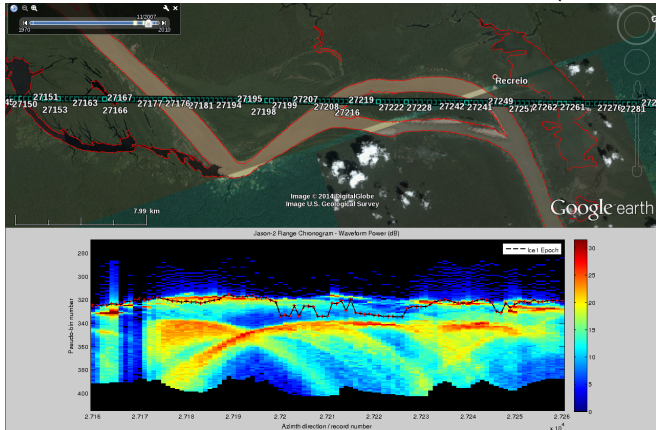
Map of SARin measurements over the Solimoes river (L2/ESA)



Retracked echoes comes really often from **off-nadir directions**
 → SIRAL is nearly mapping the hydrographic network !

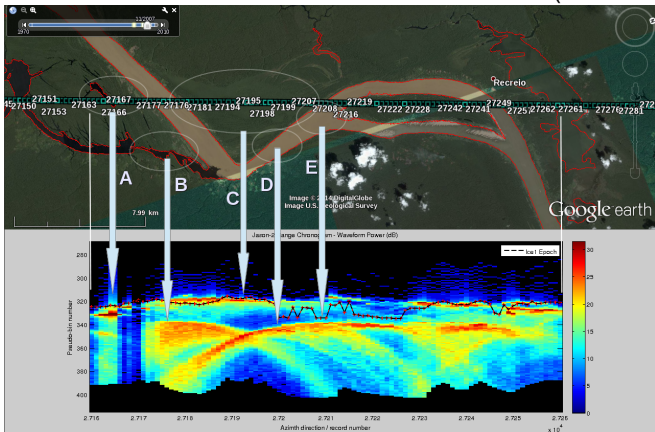
Past : LRM vs. SARin mode

Jason-2 waveforms over the Madeira river (AVISO/S-GDR)



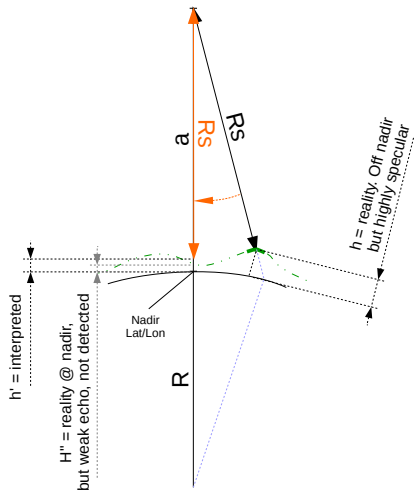
Past : LRM vs. SARin mode

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Echoes really come from **off-nadir directions** !

SARin \rightarrow LRM : the Height Anomaly Experiment

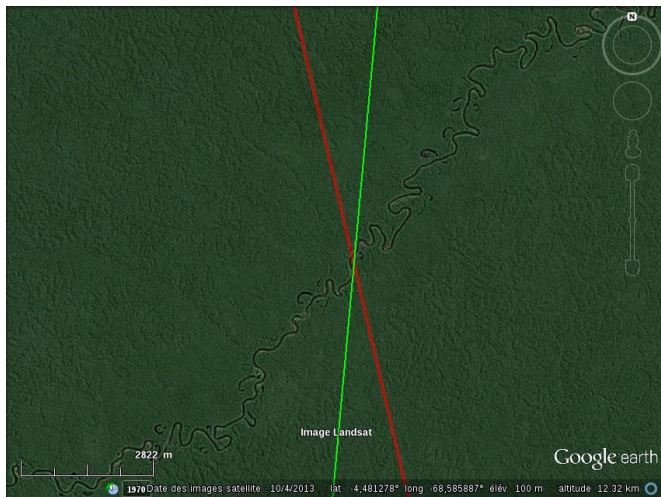


Schema kindly designed by Pierre-Antoine Baffaut

Scene

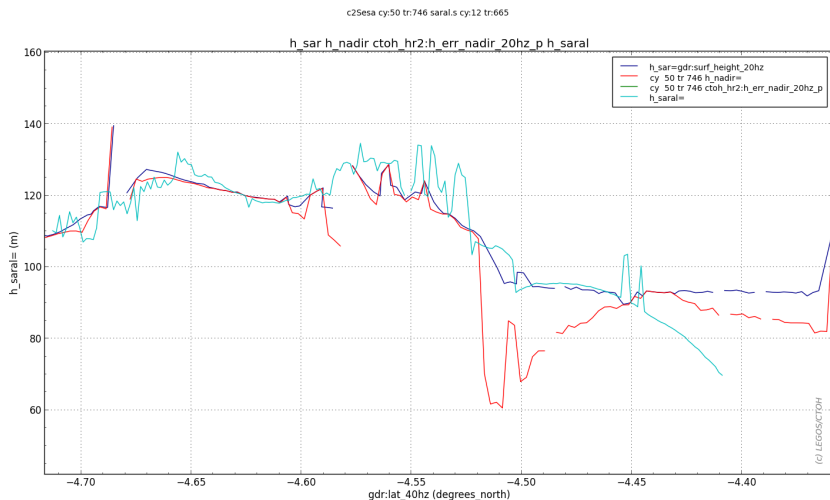
- Assume off-nadir specular reflector (R_s)
- SARin gives real off-nadir height h (and location)
- What about LRM h' ?
(reflector location assumed at sat. nadir)
- Height Anomaly = $h' - h$

SARin → LRM : the Height Anomaly Experiment



Sara Fleury, LEGOS/CTOH, Toulouse France.

SARin → LRM : the Height Anomaly Experiment

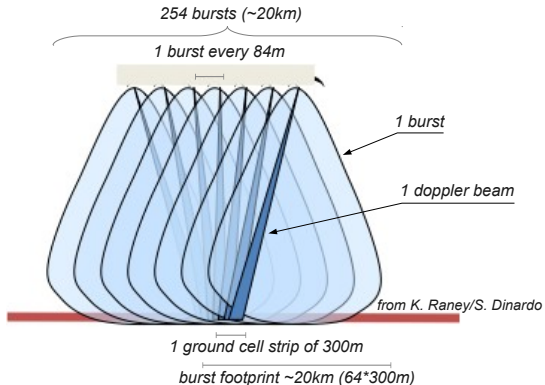


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- Present -

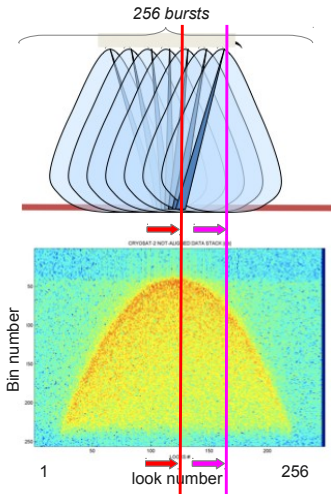
Applications of CryoSat-2 SAR & SARin modes

The multi-look over one ground cell

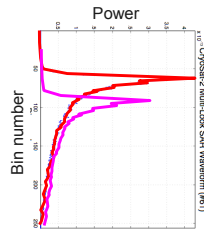


Each ground cell can be seen per theoretically 256 bursts
(~223 in practice over ocean)

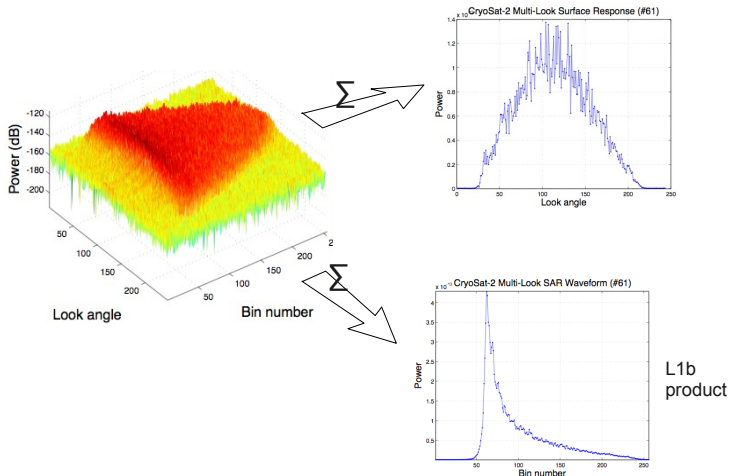
The multi-look : the stack



2 Doppler waveforms
« looking » the same
ground cell

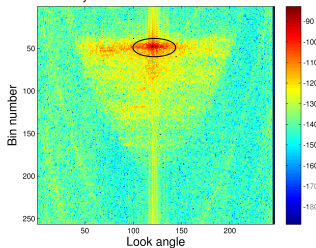


The multi-look: stack

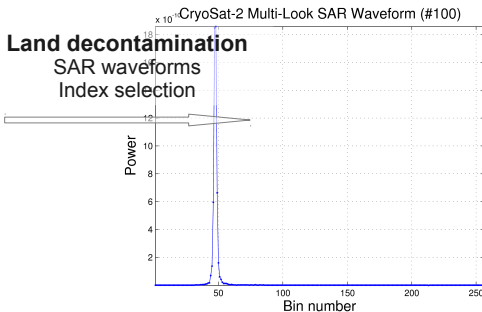
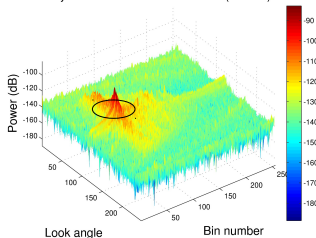


Stack: mean waveform

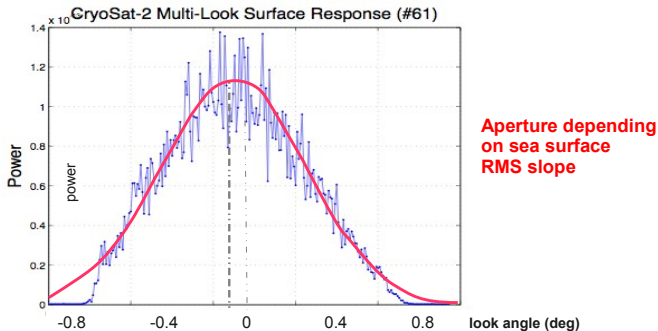
CryoSat-2 Multi-look Waveforms



CryoSat-2 Multi-Look Waveforms ("Stack")

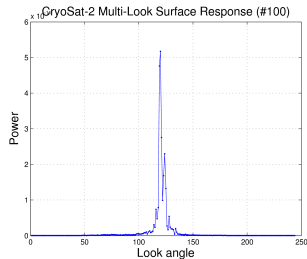
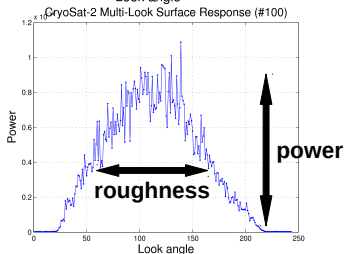
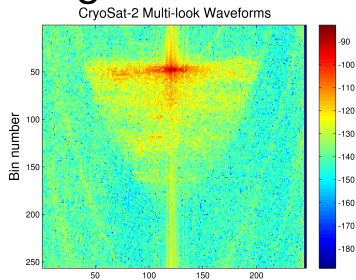
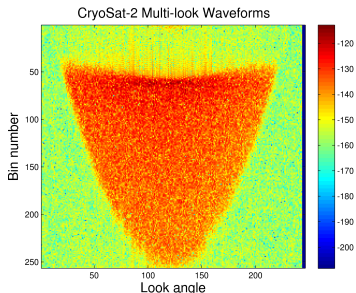


The multi-look: stack look-angles

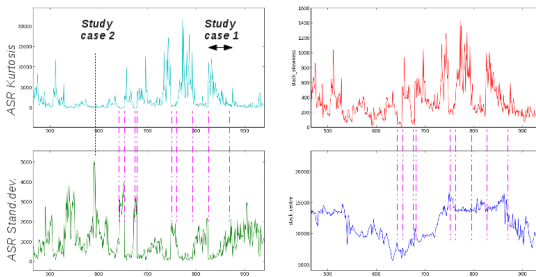


Offset depending on pitch mispointing

Stack: surface roughness

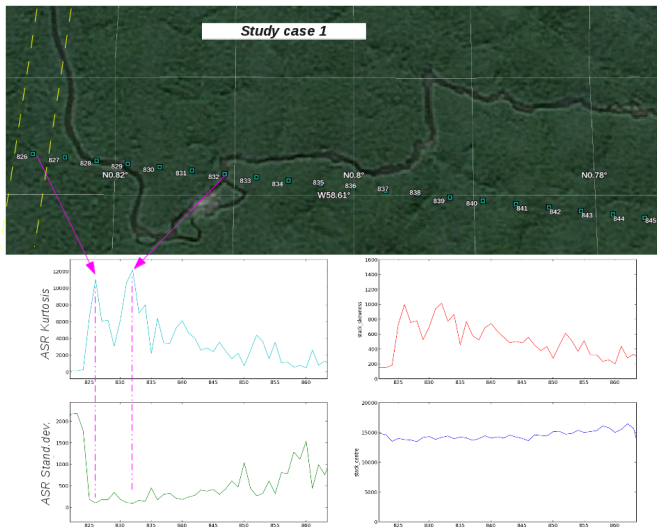


SAR : Angular Surface Response & Beam Behaviour



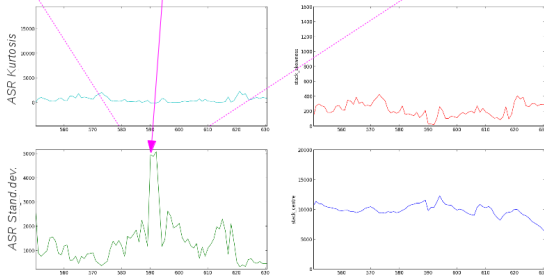
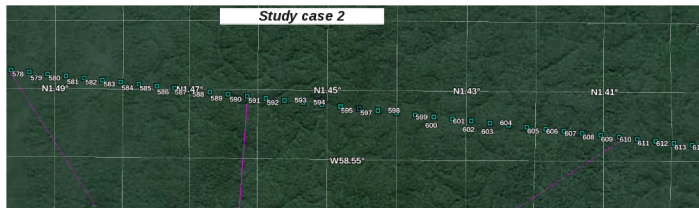
Kindly provided by P.Fabry (ALONG-TRACK, Brest, France)

SAR : Angular Surface Response & Beam Behaviour



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SAR : Angular Surface Response & Beam Behaviour



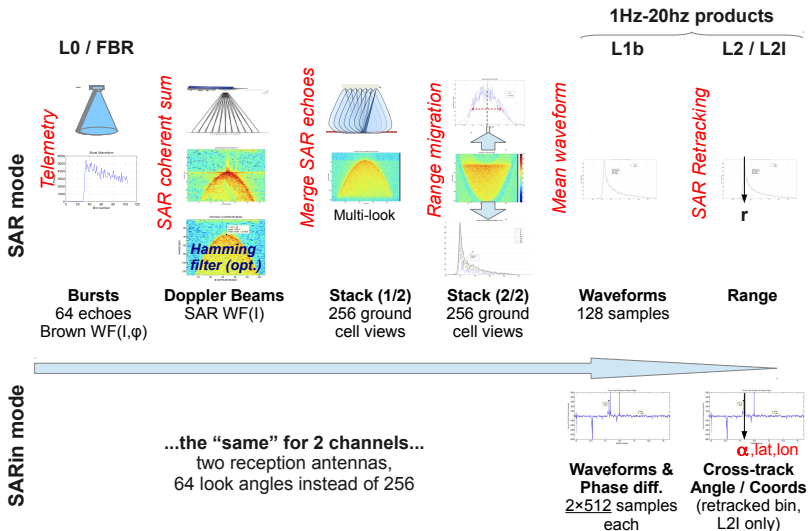
Kindly provided by P.Fabry (ALONG-TRACK, Brest, France)

SAR : Angular Surface Response & Beam Behaviour

The **Angular Surface Response properties** (derived from a fit of the Multi-Look Stacks) may be quite **usefull to discriminate water to non water measurements** :

- Water : High Kurtosis (peakiness) & Low Standard Deviation
- Non Water : Low Kurtosis & High Standard Deviation
- *Consolidation : Skewness High when Kurtosis High*

Product Levels

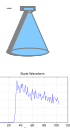


Product Levels

SAR mode

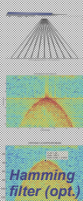
L0 / FBR

Telemetry



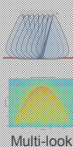
Bursts
 64 echoes
 Brown WF(l, ϕ)

SAR coherent sum



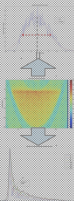
Doppler Beams
 SAR WF(l)

Merge SAR echoes



Stack (1/2)
 256 ground
 cell views

Range migration



Stack (2/2)
 256 ground
 cell views

1Hz-20Hz products

L1b

L2 / L2I

Mean waveform



Waveforms
 128 samples

SAR Retracking



Range

SARin mode

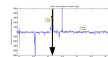
...the same for 2 channels...
 (two reception antennas)

**Intermediate
 stack**
 2x64 ground
 cell views

Stacks of
 2x64 ground
 cell views

**Waveforms &
 Phase diff.**
 2x512 samples
 each

**Cross-track
 Angle / Coords**
 (retracked bin,
 L2I only)

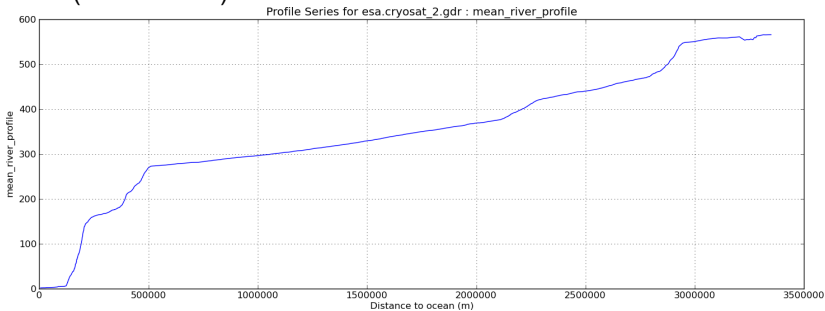


We (the users) are waiting for
Multi-Look Stacks in products !

(Thank you !)

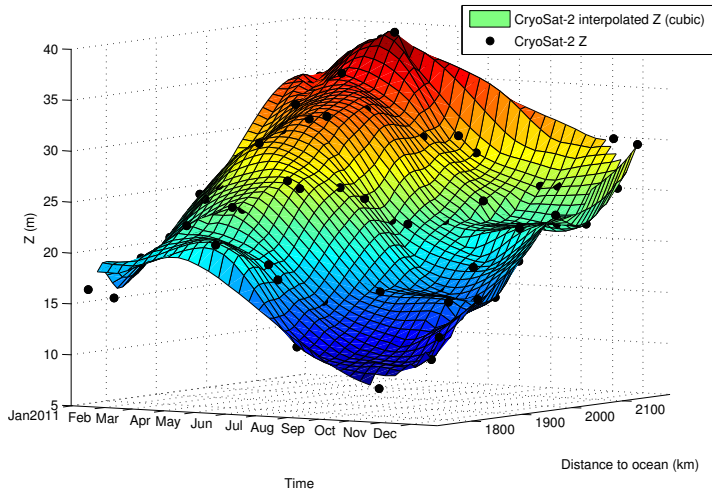
Present : Application examples

Congo river mean profile derived from CryoSat-2 ESA/GDR data (Baseline B)



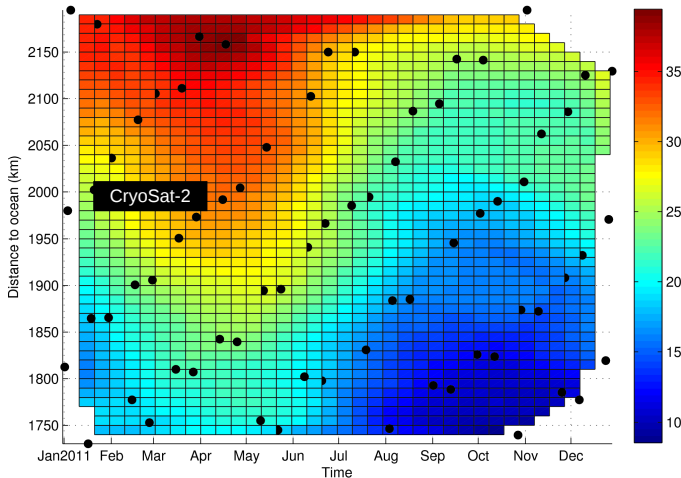
Present : Application examples

Mapping rivers topography (Madeira river)



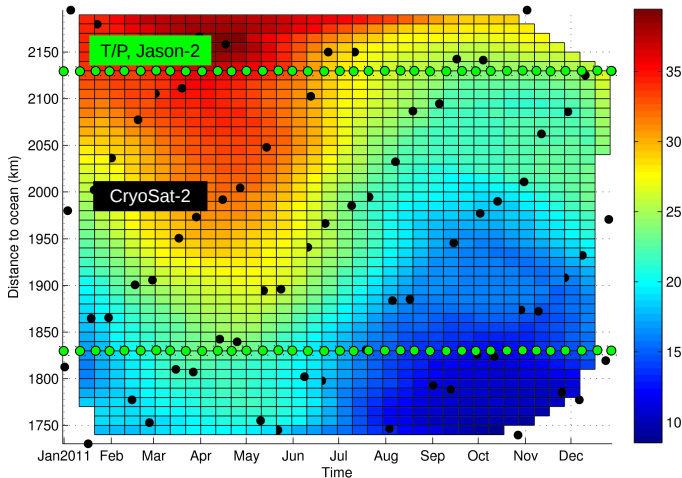
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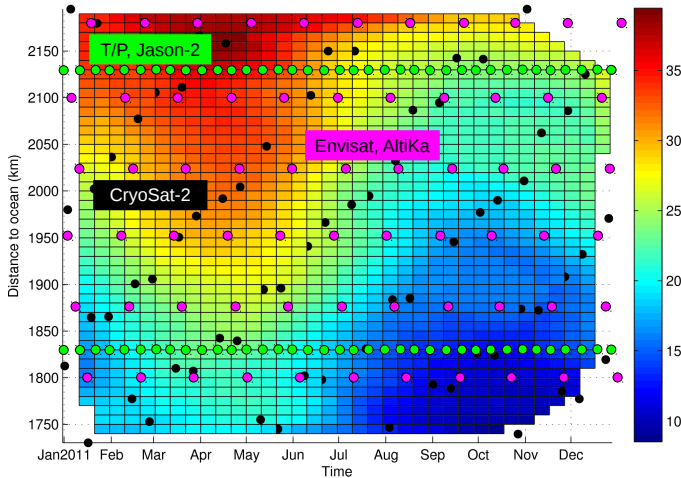
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A glue mission ?

- $Z(x,t)$ densification, better interpolation
- Could help to **address systematic bias issue between missions** (different retrackers, corrections & meas. errors)

Present : Application examples

Mapping rivers topography (Madeira river)

A glue mission ?

- $Z(x,t)$ densification, better interpolation
- Could help to **address systematic bias issue between missions** (different retrackers, corrections & meas. errors)
- Need to develop physical interpolation methods using hydraulic constraints/models

- Future -

Sentinel-3,
Sentinel-6/JasonCS, etc.

Sentinel-3

- Repetitive orbit, 27 days, inclination 98.65°
- 100% SAR mode (land and ocean)
- closed burst (like CryoSat-2), Pseudo-LRM only
- PRF is nominal at 18kHz (no aliasing in Stack/Wf)

Sentinel-3

- Repetitive orbit, 27 days, inclination 98.65°
- 100% SAR mode (land and ocean)
- closed burst (like CryoSat-2), Pseudo-LRM only
- PRF is nominal at 18kHz (no aliasing in Stack/Wf)

Sentinel-6 (is JasonCS)

- Repetitive orbit : T/P & Jasons orbit
- 100% interleaved SAR mode (land and ocean)
- open burst, **allow true LRM**
- PRF at 10kHz : **aliasing in Stack/Wf !**

Conclusion

CryoSat-2...

- ... is not "Yet Another Ku Mission" !
- ... is a breakthrough mission !
- ... is a major transition mission for both instrumental (SAR/SARin) and thematic aspects (geodesic orbit)
- ... is a glue mission for multi-mission hydrology and rivers dynamic topography monitoring

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 - ... is a major transition mission for both instrumental (SAR/SARin) and thematic aspects (geodesic orbit)
 - ... is a glue mission for multi-mission hydrology and rivers dynamic topography monitoring
-
- SAR : higher along-track resolution (beam limited), same across-track resolution (pulse limited)
 - SARin cross-track angle
 - Reflectors are rarely located exactly at satellite nadir !
 - Potential for small rivers detection and mapping of hydrographic networks

Perspectives

Extensive products assessment

- Validation against in situ data (not yet available !)
- Official ESA L2 products : LRM, SAR & SARin

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- Innovative L2 products from :
 - CNES/ CPP : SAR vs. RDSAR (aka Pseudo-LRM)
 - SARvatore : SAR 80 Hz vs. SAR 20 Hz (cf. poster #107)

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Intercomparison exercise

- Comparison to Jason-2 & AltiKa LRM missions

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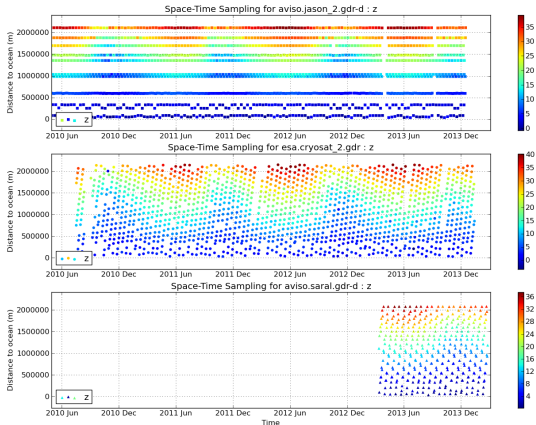
Intercomparison exercise

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ESRIN proto : more explorations using the stacks

- Slicing stacks for better land decontamination
- ASR beam behaviour : more investigation needed

– Thank you ! –



Spatio-Temporal sampling of Jason-2 (top), CryoSat-2 (middle) and SARAL/Altika (bottom) of River Water Level Measurements Amazon and Solimoes rivers)